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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/446,839	03/24/2001	Ernst Michael Winter	45/276 LI/SCH	2969	
75	590 07/05/2002				
Robert W Becker & Associates			EXAMINER		
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			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3677		
			DATE MAILED: 07/05/2002		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	/
	09/446,839	WINTER ET AL.	<b>x</b>
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	1
	Thomas Y Ho	3677	
Th MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cov r she t with	th correspondence address	•
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY	( IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MO	NTH(S) FROM	
THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period version of the period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute.  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (bill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH.	y be timely filed 30) days will be considered timely. IS from the mailing date of this communic JDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	eation.
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<u> </u>		
2a)  This action is FINAL. 2b)  Th	is action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowationsed in accordance with the practice under	ance except for formal matte <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D.	ers, prosecution as to the mer 11, 453 O.G. 213.	its is
Disposition of Claims			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>14-25</u> is/are pending in the application			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	wn from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>14-25</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	a alastian requirement		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.		
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Examine	er		
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acce	nted or b)☐ objected to by th	e Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	ne drawing(s) be held in abeyar	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on	_ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ dis	sapproved by the Examiner.	
If approved, corrected drawings are required in re			
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	n priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).	
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:			
1. Certified copies of the priority documen			
2. Certified copies of the priority documen	ts have been received in Ap	pplication No	
<ul><li>3.☐ Copies of the certified copies of the price application from the International B</li><li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a lis</li></ul>	ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		е
* See the attached detailed Office action for a ils 14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domes	tic priority under 35 U.S.C.	S 119(e) (to a provisional app	lication).
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language p			, in the second second
a) I The translation of the foleigh language plants and the foleigh language plants and the foleigh language plants and the foleigh language plants are seen as a claim for domes	stic priority under 35 U.S.C.	§§ 120 and/or 121.	
Attachment(s)	A 🗀 Imtamilani 4	Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)	
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)     Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)     Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of I	nformal Patent Application (PTO-152	2)

Art Unit: 3677

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Specification

The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed. A title similar to --Multi-layer Gemstone-- or the like is suggested.

### Claim Objections

Claim 22 is objected to because of the following informalities:

Applicant recites the phrase "...which has a the visible surface (1) is one or more surfaces..." Correct grammar dictates that the phrase be changed to --...which has as the visible surface (1) one or more...--

Appropriate correction is required.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 14-17, 22-23, and 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Reber (U.S. Pat. No.4725511).

Art Unit: 3677

As to claim 14, Reber discloses an ornamental stone comprising:

• At least one visible surface (top edge of 10) adapted to serve as a support for a structured material layer (14).

As to claim 15, Reber discloses an ornamental stone wherein:

• The visible surface (top edge of 10) is smooth. It can be seen in Fig.1 that the visible surface (top edge of 10) is a straight line, denoting smoothness, and can be compared with the surface of another layer (top edge of 28) which is indicated as rough with an uneven line.

As to claim 16, Reber discloses an ornamental stone wherein:

• The material layer (14) is shiny. The material layer disclosed by Reber is composed of gold, aluminum, silver, etc. which are commonly known to be shiny and to reflect light (Col.3, Ln.26-39).

As to claim 17, Reber discloses an ornamental stone wherein:

• The material layer (14) comprises a precious metal or titanium nitride. The material layer disclosed by Reber is composed of gold, aluminum, silver, etc. or any other precious metal (Col.3, Ln.26-39).

As to claim 22, Reber discloses an ornamental stone which has:

• As the visible surface (top edge of 10) one or more surfaces that are level, concave, convex, or a mixture thereof.

As to claim 23, Reber discloses an ornamental stone wherein:

• A transparent protective layer (28) is disposed on the material layer (14) (Col.6, Ln.1-19).

Art Unit: 3677

As to claim 25, Reber discloses an ornamental stone which has:

• A body adapted to form a face of a clock (Col.7, Ln.46-53).

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 18 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Reber (U.S. Pat. No.4725511) in view of Lach (U.S. Pat. No.5423714).

As to claim 18, Reber fails to disclose or suggest the following limitations:

• A metallic layer as a retention intermediary is disposed between the visible surface and the material layer.

Lach discloses to use a thin coating of chromium-nickel or other suitable metal to help bond a metal coating on a substrate to ensure proper bonding occurs (Col.2, Ln.30-37). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the layers disclosed by Reber to include a metallic intermediary layer taught by Lach to ensure proper bonding of the material layer onto the substrate.

As to claim 19, Reber fails to disclose or suggest the following limitations:

• The retention intermediary is a titanium or chromium layer.

Lach discloses the use of an intermediary layer consisting of chromium-nickel (used as an example) as an adhesive coating followed by a coating of a precious metal (Col.2, Ln.30-37).

Art Unit: 3677

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the layers disclosed by Reber to include a metallic intermediary layer of chromium to ensure proper bonding of the material layer onto the substrate.

Claim 20 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Reber (U.S. Pat. No.4725511) in view of Nassau et al. (U.S. Pat. No.5882786).

As to claim 20, Reber fails to disclose or suggest the following limitations:

• A body in the form of a diamond layer made via a CVD process with said visible face as a support for the material layer.

Reber discloses an ornamental stone which has a silicon substrate. Nassau et al. discloses a gemstone that is formed of silicon carbide coated with a diamond coating via a CVD process (Col.2, Ln.2-18, Ln.55-63). Nassau et al. also discloses that a coating of diamond is used to produce a harder surface that resists damage (Col.3, Ln.59-63). It would have been obvious to modify the ornamental stone disclosed by Reber to have a diamond layer on top of the silicon substrate taught by Nassau et al. because the diamond coating makes the ornamental stone less susceptible to damage.

Claim 21 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Reber (U.S. Pat. No.4725511) in view of Lach (U.S. Pat. No.5423714).

As to claim 21, Reber fails to disclose or suggest the following limitations:

• A body in the form of a polycrystalline diamond aggregate with said visible face as a support for the material layer.

Lach discloses that a polycrystalline diamond mounted onto a suitable substrate (Col.2, Ln.1-8) can be coated with a material layer, intermediary layer, and coating. Furthermore, Lach

Art Unit: 3677

also discloses the specific advantages of using a polycrystalline diamond for ornaments (Col. 1, Ln.8-17). It would have been obvious to modify the ornamental stone disclosed by Reber to have a polycrystalline diamond as the visible surface for support of a material layer as taught by Lach because polycrystalline diamond is more precious and has better optical properties.

Claim 24 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Reber (U.S. Pat. No.4725511) in view of Konig et al. (U.S. Pat. No.5587233).

As to claim 24, Reber fails to disclose or suggest the following limitations:

• The protective layer is a CVD layer and is made of corundum or diamond.

Reber discloses the use of a transparent protective coating (28) on a substrate. Konig et al. discloses a substrate body made of diamond coated through CVD with at least one aluminum oxide surface layer, with aluminum oxide being commonly called corundum, for wear resistance (Col.2, Ln.31-46). It would have been obvious to modify the protective coating disclosed by Reber to be made of corundum as taught by Konig et al. so the ornamental stone assembly is more resistant to wear and is better protected.

#### Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

U.S. Pat. No.4490440 to Reber discloses jewelry having multiple layers on a substrate.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thomas Y. Ho whose email address is thomas.ho@uspto.gov and

Art Unit: 3677

telephone number is (703) 305-4556. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9:30AM-6:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, J.J. Swann can be reached on (703) 306-4115. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 746-3366.

TYH June 20, 2002

> ROBERT J. SANDY PRIMARY EXAMINER

Art Unit: 3677